Broadcast of Recorded Interview with Amer Sadat - 11 Nov. 1957

Question: In your capacity as head of the preparatory committee of the Afro-Asian Conference, could you say something about the unity of the Arab and Asian peoples?

Answer: This union between the Arab peoples and the peoples of Asia is a very vital matter, not only for the sake of peace among these peoples, but also for the sake of the entire world. We saw during the aggressors' war against Egypt how the support of these peoples for the cause of freedom changed the course of history. Unity exists among these peoples despite all the obstacles which imperialism tries to place in its way in the form of pacts or pressure. All these pacts have failed, as will the pressure, because the peoples are determined to go forward along the path of peaceful coexistence.

Question: The Soviet Union has recently launched the second artificial satellite. What are your views on this event?

Answer: The launching of the second artificial satellite is a bright victory, not only for the Soviet Union and for the Soviet scientists, but for all the peace-loving forces throughout the world. The launching has political significance. In other words, science is no longer something that can be monopolized by one side. Science is no longer a weapon only in the hands of a conceited man, who tries to threaten the world with it. As to the scientific side, it is undoubtedly a great gain for humanity, which has opened before it new horizons to advance to a higher level and to discoveries which would increase the prosperity of the human race. We consider it a victory for peace, for peaceful coexistence, and for the new epoch which should prevail throughout the world, namely, the epochine which everyone respects the other's wishes, freedom, and independence.

Question: The eyes of the entire world public are focused on the question of the cessation of all tests of nuclear and hydrogen weapons. What is your attitude and that of the Egyptian socialist circles regarding this?

Answer: We read here in Egypt of what took place in Hiroshima. We here in Egypt sincerely hope that there will be no repetition of the ugly tragedy of Hiroshima, which caused our brethren great distress and suffering. We are against these tests, which are taking place with no other aim but the annihilation of the human race and the finding of ways to expose it to more torture.

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Assur Sadat, Emption Delegation, pointed out that the participants in the conference were united by their common striving for the triumph of peace and justice on earth. "We, in Egypt, have learned from bitter experience what it means to live under imperialist oppression and tyrangy. The destruction of imperialism in all its manifestations will be an enormous step toward the realization of the most cherished dream of the peoples—that of peace and justice on earth."

He declared that the peoples of Asia and Africa which make up three-quarters of the population of the globe had for a long time been deprived of the right to self-determination and self-government. As a result of their struggle, most of the Asian and African countries have now attained freedom while others are on their way to it. The peoples of Asian and African countries, he stressed, represent a powerful force striving to insure universal peace.

P. Asimov, representative of the Soviet Committee of Asian Solidarity, stressed in his speech that the Bondung spirit, ideas of friendship and solidarity give inspiration to all peoples fighting for their national independence and freedom and make them confident of the triumph of their just cause.

Using the notorious Dalles-Eisenhover Doctrine as a cover, aggressive American circles in alliance with other imperialist powers are attempting to restore colonial domination in the Middle East and to force the peoples of Asia and Africa to their knees. The Soviet people together with the peace-loving people of all the world, condemn and resolutely fight against the adventurous policy of imperialism and colonialism. The warmongers would do well to remember that the peoples of the Arab world and Africa are not along. Ranged on their side are honest people of all the globe.

Tang Ning-chao, representative of the Chinese Asian Solidarity Committee, said that the 600 millions of the people of China supported the peoples of Syria, Algeria, and other Asian and African countries fighting for their freedom and independence, against imperialist plots. Then he pointed out that Taiwan is still occupied by the Americans and that the U.S. ruling circles continued their hostile policy toward the Chinese people. The lawful rights of People's China in the United Nations have not yet been restored and the imperialist countries continue the blockade of China.

International significance the Beatong Conference had for the strengthening of the solidarity of the yeoples of Asia and Africa. He expressed confidence that the work of the preparatory consistes for the convocation of the solidarity conference of Asian and African countries would help to intensify the struggle of the peoples against the imperialist conspiracion in the Middle East, Africa, and Asia.

The leader of the Homeolian delagation delivered a speech in which he expressed his country's belief in the right of the Asian and African peoples for independence and freedom. He said that his country supports Syria in its problem and demanded that the imperialists may their banks off Syria.

The lander of the Sudamore delegation said that solidarity between the Asian and Sfrience peoples was clearly manifest during the triportite aggression against Egypt. Since that day his country, he said, has falt the value of adhering to the Bandung resolutions sai to positive materality. The Sudamore delegate saled all the members to stand by Syris for the sale of preserving peace and preventing war. By also said that if all peoples respected the principles of the United Nations, passe and freedom would prevail in all parts of the world.

The loader of the Lebensee delegation said that the Sisenhover plan expresses the viewpoint of all the imperialist powers and is used not only for appreciag against Syris and isolating Egypt, but also for threstening all the Siins and African peoples. Thus there should be aloning of runtes and solidarity in order to repal such projects. He also expressed his veloces of the convening of the forthcoming conference in Cairo, the expital of Afro-Asian liberation.

The representative of Libys, Ali Rajab: "The mertings afforded as an opportunity to chaerte closely the spirit of brotherhood and solidarity which has emerged among the peoples of Asia and Africa. The socialist ideology played an effective role in avaluating, developing, and atrongthesing it. It has led the peoples of Asia and Africa, who for many conturies remained weak, emslowed, and emphaited by the reactionary, imperialist, and empitalist furces, to rise from their alumber and to stand for their lawful rights. Indeed, the mosting of such a large masher of the states of Asia and Africa, including much great states as the Soviet Daica, Chine,

Japan, India, Endonnaio, Murma, Egypt, Syria, and othero, is not unimportant; it is a great historic event, which prompts us to be optimistic about the fature of washind and assures as that the furece of reaction, tyromy, and aggression against small nations will soon collapse before the sarsh of socialism, the sound social principles, and the ideas of solidarity which are based on brotherhood among men.

"In fact, the attitude of indignation adopted by the preparatory committee toward the aggression threatening the passerul Syrian people also showed clearly the extent of the brotherhood between the Asian and African peoples. It also proved that there is no longer rose for importalize to continue its hostility toward the peoples of Asia and Africa.

"The arab people is libye, who deeply believe in the ideas of peace, positive neutrality, and social justice, are happy to follow with full entireaction the beautitarian efforts which the Soviet Union and the free socialist peoples are making for the liberation of the weak peoples from the tentacles of imperialist aggression pursued by the United States, Britain, and France.

The Libyan people are grieved to remain isolated from world public opinion and to be under the desiration of the Anglo-American former of aggression represented by the aggressive silitary bases scattered throughout our country. Noth the United States and Britain use those bases to impose their aggressive policy on Libya, to shoukle her with the chains of imperialist military parts and treaties, and to subjugate her to the hurden of the regulations of martial law, in apite of the Libyan constitution and severeignty. It is unfortunate that Libya, whose independence was proclaimed by the United Entions in 1946, and which was then called the desighter of the United Estions, should now become an Anglo-American sphere of influence and a base for aggression against our Arab maishbors.

"(Two or three words indistinct), which is a Libyon town occupied by British forces, was used for the triportite aggression against Egypt, although the Libyon people are very affectionate and loyal temark Egypt and show all the feelings and hopes of the Egyptian people.

"I must refer to the spirit of comporation appreciably all the Axion and African delegates during the sectings of the preparatory committee. The success attained by the Joviet Union is also the best guarantee for the safety of makind, its security and stability."

Egyptians, Afghans Oppose U.S. Policies

attachment #8.

Cairo, In Arabic to the Sudan, May 19, 1957

Commentary by Khalid Muhyi al-Din: "The Joint Afghani Communique" (Excerpts)

Pertendry on Egyptian-Afginal communique was insued concerning the outcome of the talks between the great quart of Egypt, the Afghoni premier, and President Nor. The most important point of the communique was the affirmation of the Reading possitions and adherence to the principles of positive neutrality and apposition to groupings. The communique has three points of significance: 1. The time of its issue; 2. its communic; and 3. the position of the two signatory states.

The eigenfeatures in which the communique was issued is of significance. It was issued at a time when imperialism, under the loodership of America, was directing its attack against the independence and freedom of the Arab and Asian peoples. Following the failure of the triple aggression against Egypt, America started to direct her attack under the name of the Eigenhourer Flam against the Arab states with the object of underwining their unity and then deminating them one after another. Periode the Jordanian events are the best witness to this. The communique was issued at a time when imperialism was intensifying its attack on the Arab communical and at a time when some politicisms choose to forget the Rembung principles and positive neutrality. Therefore, the communique was issued as a confirmation of the Bestung principles and for positive neutrality and as an appeal to rectore echosion and links to what they were before.

As for the second point of the communique, it can as a simp to those lying in wait the sould not imagine that there are small states empatic of preserving their inte-pundance and of admering to positive neutrality and belying in the commulation of world peace. It also done as a directive to those who say that we must neither be with the East or with the West-and in this they, of course, was the West. The communique showed that joint socarity (passage indictinct) is the only way of limiting the domination of one state over another. It is a way of preventing the settlement of disputes by force. It also especializates the independence of the smaller states. The communique also stresses the mod for us, we the independent smaller states, to adhere to those principles, since in them is to be found our existence and coverity.

As for the third point of significance in the communique. it is that it was issued by Egypt and Afghanistan. Egypt is the liberation force in the Arab Bast, and it is a country against which the forest of imperialize have concentrated in an attempt to include it from the Arab rouks against which out of all the countries of the Arab East, propagands has been intensified in an attempt to revive the aid propagants occerning direct and indirect Soviet appression. And now the phrone "positive mentrality" has onne to seen Communion in the view of the Americans. Afghanisten is a state whose borders are adjacent to the borders of the Soriet Union, and it is a state (word intistinct) and in spite of this, its policy has been one of independence and peace. Afghanistan's first thought of how to live in peace with the Seviet Union and did not think of how to defend itself against the Soviet Union. Afgheniaton had faith in her independence and positive sectrality. The years have passed and the Seviet Chica has respected the independence of Afghanistan and has given her aid without conditions and without interfering in her demestic affairs. The Soviet Waten is preserving the independence of Africalistan. Thus nomerchist Africalistan is not afraid for her political regime and does not fear the Soviet Daion and has faith in her positive meetrality.

How we would like to sak the imperialist press, is Afghosistan, a monorchist and Islanic state which believes in positive mutrality, is she also a victim of International Communism? Sincere greatings to the Afghon pressor and the great Afghosi people of glarious tradition, who believe in their freedom, imbeguatence, and positive mentrality.